# PERFORMANCE OF COMMERCIAL CORN HYBRIDS IN ILLINOIS, 2012

# **TEST PROGRAM**

**Selection of entries.** Each year, producers of corn hybrids in Illinois and surrounding states are invited to enter hybrids in the Illinois performance trials. Financing is provided thru entry fees. Entrants are required to enter their corn hybrids regionally at a fee of \$270 for each corn hybrid entered in a region or \$90 per hybrid for the corn following corn tests. Most of these hybrids are commercially available, although a few experimental hybrids are also entered.

**Number and location of tests.** In 2012, hybrid corn entrants were required to enter hybrid(s) in at least one of 4 regions each consisting of 3 locations with a total of 12 locations in the state (see map). These sites represent the major soil and climatic areas of the state.

**<u>Hybrids.</u>** There were 222 corn hybrids from 31 companies tested in 2012.

<u>Field-plot design</u>. Three replications of an alpha lattice design or randomized complete block were used to give each corn hybrid an equal chance to show its merits.

**Planting methods.** All trials were planted by a modern four row planter modified for small plot work. A soil insecticide (Force) was applied in furrow at planting for all corn trials. Corn plots were planted to stand and later counted to confirm population. Each plot was four rows wide and 23 feet long. The center two rows of each plot were harvested to determine yields.

**Fertilization.** All test fields were at a high level of fertility. Additional fertilizer was plowed down or side dressed as needed to ensure top yields.

<u>Method of harvest.</u> All corn plots were harvested with a custom-built, self-propelled, corn plot combine. Grain collected from each plot was weighed, and tested for moisture content. An electronic moisture monitor was used in the combine for all moisture readings. No allowance was made for grain that might have been lost in harvest.

## PERFORMANCE DATA

**Grain yield.** Grain weight and moisture was converted to bushels per acre of No. 2 shelled corn (15.5 percent moisture). **Moisture content.** Occasionally, hybrids too late in maturity for a given area are entered in these tests. These hybrids are often high in yield, but their moisture content may make them poor choices for farm use unless proper drying or storage facilities are available.

**Erect plants.** The number of erect plants in each plot of a hybrid was determined at harvest time. Any plant leaning at an angle of more than 45 degrees or broken below the ear was considered lodged. Plants broken above the ear were considered erect.

**Population.** Corn plots were planted to population and later counted to confirm population. Stand differences may be caused by failure to germinate or by damage from diseases, insects, cultivation, or rodents.

# SUGGESTIONS FOR COMPARING HYBRIDS

It is impossible to measure performance exactly in any test of plant material. Harvesting efficiency may vary, soils may not be uniform, and many other conditions may produce variability. Results of repeated tests, like those reported here, are more reliable than those of a single-year or a single-strip test. When one hybrid consistently out yields another at several test locations and over several years of testing, the chances are good that this difference is real and should be a consideration in choosing a hybrid. When comparing yields, however, grain moisture content, percentage of erect plants, and plant population must also be considered.

A number of statistical tests are available for comparing hybrids within a single trial. One of these tests, the least significant difference (L.S.D.), when used in the manner suggested by Carmer and Swanson<sup>1</sup> is quite simple to apply and is more appropriate than most other tests. When two hybrids are compared and the difference between them is greater than the tabulated L.S.D. value, the hybrids are judged "significantly different."

The L.S.D. is a number expressed in bushels per acre and presented following the average yield for each location. An L.S.D. level of 25% is shown. Find the highest yielding hybrid within the regional table or single location table of interest, subtract the 25% L.S.D. value from the highest yielding hybrid, every hybrid with a greater yield than the resulting number is 'statistically the same' as the highest yielding hybrid. Consider the merits of the hybrids in this group when making hybrid selections.

In a study of the frequencies of occurrence of three types of statistical errors and their relative seriousness, Carmer<sup>2</sup> found strong arguments for an optimal significance level in the range  $\alpha = 0.20$  to 0.40, where  $\alpha$  is the Type I statistical error rate for comparisons between means that are really equal. Herein, a value of  $\alpha = 0.25$  is used in computing the L.S.D. 25-percent level shown in the tables.

To make the best use of the information presented in this circular and to avoid any misunderstanding or misrepresentation of it, the reader should consider an additional caution about comparing hybrids. Readers who compare hybrids in different trials should be extremely careful, because no statistical tests are presented for that purpose. Readers should note that the difference between a single hybrid's performance at one location and its performance at another is caused primarily by environmental effects and random variability. Furthermore, the difference between the performance of hybrid A in one trial and that of hybrid B in another is the result not only of environmental effects and random variability, but of genetic effects as well.

<sup>1</sup>Carmer, S.G. and M.R. Swanson. "An Evaluation of Ten Pairwise Multiple Comparison Procedures by Monte Carlo Methods." Journal of American Statistical Association 68:66-74. 1973.

68:66-74. 1973. <sup>2</sup>Carmer, S.G. "Optimal Significance Levels for Application of the Least Significant Difference in Crop Performance Trials." Crop Science 16:95-99, 1976.

## 2012 TEST FIELDS

#### Mt. Morris

Location: Nelson farm, Ogle county, north of Mt. Morris, north central Illinois. Cooperator: Rick Nelson. Soil type: Muscatine silt Ioam. Planting date: April 24<sup>th</sup> . Harvest date: October 16<sup>th</sup> . Nitrogen: 180lbs.,165 lbs. as 32% (spring), 15lbs. as dry (fall). Herbicides: PRE- Bicep II Magnum. Tillage: Spring- field cultivation.

### **DeKalb**

Location: U. of Illinois, N. Illinois Research Center, DeKalb county, southwest of DeKalb. Cooperators: Greg Steckel; research director, David Lindgren; farm foreman. Soil type: Flanagan silty clay loam. Planting date: April 24<sup>th</sup> Harvest date: October 16<sup>th</sup> Conv. October 17<sup>th</sup> CFC. Nitrogen (Conv.): 180 lbs. as 32% pre. Nitrogen (CFC): 220 lbs. as 28% sidedress. Herbicides: (both) PRE- Lumax. Tillage: (conv) Spring- mulch finish, (CFC) Fall- chisel plow; Spring- mulch finish.

#### Erie

Location: Slaymaker farm, Whiteside county, west of Rock Falls, northwestern Illinois. Soil Type: Beaucoup silty clay loam. Cooperator: Robert Slaymaker. Planting Date: April 24<sup>th</sup> . Harvest Date: September 28<sup>th</sup> . Nitrogen: 200 lbs. as NH3 fall. Herbicides: PPI- Lumax. Tillage: Fall- disk-ripper; Spring- field cultivate.

#### Monmouth

Location: University of Illinois, Northwestern Illinois Agricultural Research and Demonstration Center, Warren county, northwest of Monmouth. Cooperators: Brian Mansfield; research director, Martin Johnson; farm foreman. Soil type: Sable silty clay loam. Planting date: April 18<sup>th</sup> Conv., April 12<sup>th</sup> CFC . Harvest date: September 20<sup>th</sup>. Conv. September 5<sup>th</sup> CFC. Nitrogen (Conv): 170 lbs. as 28% spring. Nitrogen (CFC): 220 lbs. as 28% spring. Herbicides: PPI- Harness Extra., Bicep . Post- Callisto, Resource, Atrazine. Tillage: Fall- chisel plow; Spring- soil finisher.

#### **New Berlin**

Location: Bennett Farm, Sangamon county, north of New Berlin, central Illinois. Cooperators: Leahy Bennett. Soil type: Sable silt Ioam. Planting date: April 12<sup>th</sup>. Harvest date: September 4<sup>th</sup>. Nitrogen: 210 lbs, 180 lbs as NH3 (fall), 30 lbs as 28% (spring). Herbicides: PPI- Parallel Plus. Fungicide: Headline. Tillage: Fall- V rip; Spring- vertical finisher.

#### Perry

Location: University of Illinois, Orr Agricultural Research and Demonstration Center, Pike county, west of Perry, west-central Illinois. Cooperator: Mike Vose; farm foreman. Soil type: Herrick silt loam. Planting date: April 13<sup>th</sup>. Harvest date: Did not Harvest.

### **Dwight**

Location: Hoffman farm, Grundy county, north of Dwight, northeastern Illinois. Cooperator: Allen Hoffman. Soil type: Reddick silty clay loam. Planting date: April 17<sup>th</sup>. Harvest date: September 12<sup>th</sup>. Nitrogen: 217 lbs., 175 lbs. as NH3 (fall), 42 lbs. as dry (fall). Herbicides: PPI- Lumax. Tillage: Strip Till (fall).

#### Goodfield

Location: Wurmnest farm, Woodford county, north of Goodfield, central Illinois. Cooperator: Mike Wurmnest. Soil Type: Ipava silt loam. Planting date: April 18<sup>th</sup> . Harvest date: September 21<sup>th</sup> . Nitrogen: 200 lbs., 70 lbs. 28% (spring), 30 lbs. dry (fall) 100 lbs. sidedress. Herbicide: Pre- Parallel Plus. Insecticide: Bifen Fungicide: Headline Tillage: Fall-Inline ripper/disk lightly . Spring-soil finisher.

### Urbana

Location: University of Illinois, Crop Sciences Research and Education Center, Champaign county, Urbana, east-central Illinois. Cooperators: Robert Dunker; superintendent, Jeff Warren; farm foreman. Soil type: Flanagan silt Ioam. Planting date: April 19<sup>th</sup> conv. Harvest date: October 1<sup>st</sup> conv. October 4<sup>th</sup> CFC. Nitrogen: (Conv) - 210 lbs. as 28% PPI: Nitrogen: (CFC)- 220 lbs. as 28% sidedress. Herbicides: (CFC) PPI-Lumax, Aatrex; (POST) Impact . (Conv) Dual II Aatrex Calisto. Tillage: Spring- soil finisher, Fall- chisel plow.

### St. Peter

Location: Magnus Farm, Fayette county, west of St. Peter, south-central Illinois. Cooperators: Torrey Magnus. Soil type: Bluford silt Ioam. Planting date: May 12<sup>th</sup> . Harvest date: Did not Harvest.

### Belleville

Location: Southern Illinois University Research Center, east of Belleville, St. Clair county. Cooperators: Ron Krausz; field manager. Soil type: Ebbert silt loam. Planting date: April 26<sup>th</sup>. Harvest date: Did not harvest

### Elkville

Location: Funk farm, Jackson county, Elkville, north of Carbondale, southern Illinois. Cooperators: John and Trent Funk. Soil Type: Okaw silt loam. Planting date: April 25<sup>th</sup>. Harvest date: Did not harvest.

## **GROWING SEASON RAINFALL**

Location	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Total
Mt. Morris	1.65	1.05	2.40	2.50	1.75	9.35
DeKalb	2.87	0.81	2.26	2.61	1.31	9.86
Erie	3.50	2.45	0.30	4.40	1.15	11.8
Monmouth	3.78	3.20	2.06	3.28	4.60	16.9
New Berlin	1.26	0.79	0.19	2.70	3.18	8.12
Perry	1.01	0.93	0.92	0.73	4.82	8.41
Dwight	5.65	2.20	1.30	5.20	2.80	17.2
Goodfield	2.50	1.80	0.90	3.80	2.90	11.9
Urbana	3.14	2.20	0.81	6.04	6.35	18.5
St. Peter	2.32	0.55	0.68	4.62	10.6	18.7
Belleville	1.13	1.11	0.43	4.06	7.64	14.4
Elkville	0.20	0.15	3.10	3.40	6.90	13.8

## SOURCES OF SEED

**Beck,** Beck's Hybrids, 6767 E. 276<sup>th</sup> St., Atlanta, IN 46031 (800-937-2325)

Burrus, Burrus Seed, 826 Arenzville Road, Arenzville, IL 62611 (217-997-5511)

Catalyst, Burrus Seed, 826 Arenzville Road, Arenzville, IL 62611 (217-997-5511)

**Channel**, Channel 800 N Lindberg Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167 (219-474-6957)

**Cornelius,** Cornelius Seed, 14760 317th Av., Bellevue, IA 52031 (563-672-3463)

Dairyland, Dairyland Seed, P.O. Box 958, West Bend, WI 53095 (800-236-0163)

**DeKalb**, Dekalb 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd., St. Louis, MO 63167 (314-694-1000)

**Dyna-Gro,** Dyna-Gro Seed, #1 Briscoe Dr.,Flora, IL 62839 (618-662-4918)

**FS InVISION**, FS InVISION Corn., 1701 Towanda Ave., Bloomington, IL 61702-2500 (309-557-6234)

**G2 Genetics,** G2 Genetics, 2321 North Loop Drive, Suite 320, Ames, IA 50010 (515-232-1997)

Hubner, Hubner Seed, 10280 West State Road 28, West Lebanon, IN 47991 (800-328-4428)

Hughes hybrids, Hughes Hybrids, 206 N. Hughes Road, Woodstock, IL 60098 (815-338-1141)

**Kruger,** Kruger Seed, Box A Dike, IA 50624 (319-989-2414) **Lewis,** Lewis Hybrids, 530 Maple Avenue, Ursa, IL 62376 (800-252-7851)

**Masters Choice,** Masters Choice 3010 St Rt 146 East Anna, IL 62906 (618-833-6553)

Merschman, Merschman Seeds, Inc. 103 Avenue D P.O. Box 67 West Point, IA 52656 (319-837-6111)

Miller, Miller Hybrids, 1213 Larch Avenue Kalona, IA 52247 . (319-656-2532)

Munson, Munson Hybrids, 1262 Knox Road 100 East, Galesburg, IL 61401 (888-813-7333)

**NuTech,** NuTech Seed, LLC, 2321 North Loop Drive, Suite 230, Ames, IA 50010 (515-232-1997)

**OMG,** Original Maize Genetics, 603 N. McKinstry Road, Woodstock, IL 60098 (815-338-5230)

Phoenix, Beck's Hybrids 6767 East 276<sup>th</sup> Street Atlanta, IL 46031(800-937-2325)

**Power Plus,** Burrus Seeds, 826 Arenzville Rd., Arenzville, IL 62611 (217-997-5511)

**Prairie**, Prairie Hybrids, 27445 Hurd RD. Deer Grove, IL 61243 (815-438-7815)

**Renk,** Renk Seed Co. 6809 Wilburn Rd., Sun Prairie, WI 53590 (800-289-7365)

Roeschley, Roeschley Hybrids, 8222 East 1500 North Road. Graymont, IL 61743 (815-743-5938)

Spectrum , Spectrum Seed Solutions P.O. Box 271 Darlington, IN 47940 (866-400-9468)

Steyer Seeds, Steyer Seeds P.O. Box 31 Mason City, IL 62664 (217-482-3281)

Stone, Stone Seed Group 5965 West State Route 97 Pleasant Plains, IL 62677 (217-546-8006)

Sun Prairie Seeds, Sun Prairie Seeds 1676 C.R. 2200 East St. Joseph, IL 61873 (217-469-2351)

Unity Seeds, Unity Seeds, LLC 3589 Sagamore PKWY N. Lafayette, IN 47904 (800-338-4558)

Whisnand, Whisnand Hybrids 1220 East State Route 133, Arcola, IL 61910 (217-268-3714)

**YIELDirect**, YIELDirect, 603 N. Mckinstry Road Woodstock, IL 60098 (815-338-5230)

\* KEY TO REGIONS

1 (North) = Mt. Morris, DeKalb, Erie

2 (W.Central) = Monmouth, Perry, New Berlin

3 (E. Central) = Dwight, Goodfield, Urbana

4 (South) = St. Peter, Belleville ,Elkville

5 = DeKalb Corn Following Corn

6 = Monmouth Corn Following Corn

7 = Urbana Corn Following Corn \*\* RM = Relative Maturity In Days

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